Bachelor of Science in Geography and Geosystems

SECOND YEAR

Academic Year 2025/2026

Programme Coordinator: Dr Terry Morley (he/him)

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All students are cordially invited to address any issues, and questions, they may have about the program or modules with your program coordinators. Make an appointment or drop into our office hours.

Before the beginning of Year Two, students will choose two of the four possible pathways in (1) Coastal and Marine Sciences, (2) Ecosystem Sciences, (3) Environmental planning and policy, and (4) Palaeo-Sciences.

• Pathway 1: Coastal and Marine Sciences

This pathway allows students to become proficient in both Oceanography and Coastal Sciences with an option to enhance their knowledge of sedimentary systems. The provision of trained graduates in Marine and Coastal Sciences is essential to underpin Ireland's use of national aquatic resources, as outlined in the Marine Knowledge, Research and Innovation Strategy 2017-2021, which highlights the renewed focus by the State on the value of the marine sector to the Irish economy. Students choosing this pathway will be better placed to identify in which area of Irelands marine sector they are best placed to make a contribution and develop a career.

• Pathway 2: Ecosystem Sciences

This pathway reinforces the identification and evaluation of terrestrial and marine ecosystems. Students taking this pathway will be able to perform in situ environmental assessment for a variety of physical settings and environments. These skills are all highly relevant for young professionals intending to work in the private or public institutions involved in research and monitoring of our coastal, marine, and terrestrial ecosystems (i.e., Marine Institute, EPA, BIM, GSI, NPWS, An Taisce, and county councils).

• Pathway 3: Environmental Planning and Policy

This pathway will expose students to the role of environmental planning in policymaking. Students will be able to evaluate the relationships between environment and society at relevant local, national, and international scales. Students will apply various conceptual frameworks, including social-ecological systems and human-environment interaction theory, to explore and understand the importance of environmental planning to better secure necessary ecosystem goods and services over the long-term across a range of terrestrial, coastal, and marine environments. Students will learn major national and EU policies, how such legal bodies govern resource use and provide regulatory space for planning objectives, and how to apply field-based assessments to develop conservation tools consistent with management goals at various ecosystem and human scales.

• Pathway 4: Palaeo-Sciences

This pathway exposes students to long-term environmental change and how it relates to modern environmental systems and issues. Gaining this long-term perspective provides students with an appreciation for the history of Earth's dynamic systems, which is crucial if we want to understand and estimate future environmental change.

Learning Outcomes for Year Two

On the successful completion of year two, students will be able to:

- Identify and differentiate among the basic principles and theories of biogeography.
- Apply the standard field methodologies and data analysis techniques currently used to analyse and examine environmental problems.
- Assess and evaluate human impacts on the environment and apply modern conservation strategies to these issues.
- Explain the principles and mechanisms of Anthropogenic climate change
- Demonstrate an awareness of the rates and timescales over which processes operate, and landforms develop.
- Assess critically and identify physical vs. human controls on our physical landscape.
- Identify and discuss sources of Irish Planning Law
- Evaluate the planning process critically.
- Perform statistical analysis on a variety of datasets using specialised statistical software packages.
- Assess critically which statistical analysis is most suitable for a given environmental problem.

PW 1: Coastal and Marine Sciences

- Describe the biogeochemical cycling of O₂, CO₂, and nutrients in the oceans
- Explain how the temperature, salinity, and density structure in the ocean arises and be able to distinguish different water masses on a T-S diagram
- Discuss the formation and global distribution of biogenic marine sediments
- Identify the short- and long-term processes shaping coastal landforms
 Understand the complex suite of integrated pathways that connect the land (catchment science), coast, marine, and human systems.

PW 2: Ecosystem Sciences

- Describe and characterise environments (terrestrial, freshwater, marine) based on structure, function, and identify the major controlling factors within each ecosystem.
- Apply environmental survey techniques in the field.
- Design a field-based investigation based on an environmental and/or geographical issue.
- Report and interpret field data in a professional manner.
- Understand the importance and factors determining plant diversity and conservation and their role for sustainable future development.

PW 3: Environmental Planning and Policy

- Assess the role of environmental planning in policymaking.
- Explain and discuss the use of environmental planning tools.
- Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the relationships between society, the environment and planning.
- Identify formal and informal institutions, which govern human uses of terrestrial, coastal, and marine environments at local, national, and international levels.
- Discuss the sources of Irish Environmental Law
- Critically discuss the pollution licencing process
- Conduct research on environmental law issues

PW 4: Palaeo-Sciences

- Describe the principles of stratigraphy.
- Describe marine and terrestrial depositional environments.
- Discuss Irish geological history in terms of environmental change.
- Discuss the formation of Quaternary deposits and their climatic forcing.
- Use examples from Earth history to explain how Earth's climate changes on various timescales.
- Conduct a field-based investigation of long-term environmental (climate and ecosystems) processes
- Report and interpret field data in a professional manner.

Timetables and Module outlines for Semester 1

Please note that times and venues are subject to changes. Please track information on Canvas to stay on top of times and venues for each module

Please note 2nd year students select either PW1 or PW2 in Semester 1.

Year 2 - Semester 1 PW1						
	Code	Title	ECTS	Sem.		
щ	TI255	Earth Surface Landforms and Processes	5		1	
CORE	TI235	Biogeography	5		1	
Ŭ	LW217	Environmental Legislation	5		1	
	ST2001	Statistics for Data Science 1	5		1	
PW1	EOS213	Introduction Ocean Sciences	10		1	

Semester 1	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
09:00					TI255
10:00				TI235 L IT250	AC204
11:00		EOS 213 <i>IT125G</i>		ST2001 L2* <i>IT150</i>	
12:00				T1225 D	
13:00	EOS 213 MRA201	EOS213 P*		TI235 P AC217	
14:00		MRA201 (RI Annex)			LW217
15:00		EOS213 P*	TI235 L <i>IT250</i>	ST2001 P*	ENG-G047
16:00	ST2001 L1* AMB-1022	MRA201 (RI Annex)			
17:00	ST2001 P*		EOS 213 <i>MRA201</i>		

EOS 213 P* student attends 1 practical slot every second week

Note: ST2001: Students attend 2 lectures a week and can access a tutor for online Q&A at anyone (or more) of the four optional listed times as needed

	Year 2 - Semester 1 PW2						
	Code	Title	ECTS	Sem.			
Щ	TI255	Earth Surface Landforms and Processes	5	1			
CORE	TI235	Biogeography	5	1			
Ü	LW217	Environmental Legislation	5	1			
	ST2001	Statistics for Data Science 1	5	1			
PW2	BPS202	Aquatic Plant Sciences	5	1			
PVVZ	TI2107	Field Studies in Biogeography	5	1			

Semester 1	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
09:00				BPS202 L W1-6	TI255
10:00	BPS202 L (W1-6)	BPS202 L (W1-6)		TI235 L <i>IT250</i>	AC204
11:00		ST2001 L1* AMB-1021		ST2001 L2* IT150	
12:00				TI235 P	
13:00	ST2001 P*	TI2107		AC217	
14:00	BPS202 P	AC 217			LW217
15:00	W1-6		TI235 L <i>IT250</i>	ST2001 P*	ENG-G047
16:00	ST2001 L1* AMB-1022				
17:00	ST2001 P*				

Note: ST2001: Students attend 2 lectures a week and can access a tutor for online Q&A at anyone (or more) of the four optional listed times as needed

CORE: TI255 Earth Surface Landforms and Processes

Lectures	Friday: 09:00 - 11:00 Venue: AM200 / Fottrell theatre
Coordinator:	Dr. Gordon Bromley
E-mail	gordon.bromley@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This module trains students on the physical principles used to understand some basic questions about the Earths physical landscape: how do natural physical systems (e.g., glaciers, karst, storm beaches) behave today? How did they behave in the past? And can we predict how they will behave in the future? To address these questions, we examine the characteristics of different processes (water, wind, slope, weather) shaping different landforms in different regions of the world, including some classic case studies in Ireland. We will examine landscape form and function, working through from the theoretical understanding of the landscape to hands-on practical fieldwork by collecting, analysing and presenting data. Emphasis is put on critical analyses of the process-landform models (e.g.,

sediment transfers; system equilibria) operating on different time scales (seconds to millennia). A core aspect of the course will focus on using a field-based systems approach, emphasising (1) the connectivity of the different components of our landscape and (2) how our landscape responds to human and natural pressures.

Learning Outcomes:

- Identify a landform unit on the physical landscape and the primary processes that formed and shaped it.
- Identify the short- and long-term drivers shaping a landscape through different temporal and spatial scales of analyses.
- Critically assess and identify physical vs. human controls on our physical landscape; communicate and interpret human impacts on the environment and conceptualise the problems of managing natural systems.
- Critically evaluate the different field and laboratory methods used in analysing and interpreting the origin and evolution of landforms.
- Hone key professional skills such as research preparation, data collection and analysis; and report-writing; these will be done using a field-based assignment.
- Stimulate the development of a constructive interdisciplinary culture of peer collaboration, review and consultation; these will be done using a field-based assignment.

CORE: TI235 Biogeography

Lectures	Wednesday 15:00-15:50 & Thursday 10:00 -10:50 (both IT250)
Coordinator:	Dr. Terry Morley
E-mail	Terry.morley@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This class provides an introduction to the study of biogeography. Bridging the fields of biology (particularly ecology) and geography, biogeography is the study of the spatial patterns of biological diversity and its causes. We will identify how historical, physical, and biological factors affect present and past distributions of individuals, species, populations, communities, and ecosystems. The actions of humans are a critical force impacting other species, and the human influence on past, present, and future species distributions is a central topic in this module.

Aims and Objectives:

In addition to offering a survey of the basics of biogeography via class lectures, this course also aims to introduce students to various methodologies used in biogeographic research. Hands-on field, lab, and data analysis exercises will allow students to put learned concepts into practice, and give students experience working with the techniques used by biogeographers.

Learning Outcomes:

- To identify and differentiate the basic principles and theories of biogeography
- Application of standard field methodologies and data analysis techniques used in biogeography to analyse and examine applied problems
- To assess and evaluate human impacts on species distributions and apply modern conservation strategies to these issues

CORE: LW217 Environmental Legislation

Lectures	Friday 14:00-16:00 Venue: ENG-G047
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Coordinator:	Dr Naporn Popattanachai
E-mail	naporn.popattanachai@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This course treats of the legal regime regulating planning and development in Irish Law. The Irish planning code and issues of statutory interpretation and public law arising therefrom are examined. The course looks at: the institutions of planning control; the application for planning permission; participation by objectors; the appeal process and judicial review of planning decisions; and compensation for refusal of development. At the end of the module, students will have knowledge of the central principles of planning law and the structure of the system including the development plan, the concept of 'development', procedure for application for planning permission, rights of appeal, and enforcement of the law. In addition, special attention will be paid to specific topics such as the constitutionality of legislative restrictions on land use as well as developments in the law including the enactment of the Planning and Development (Strategic Infrastructure) Act 2006, the Planning and Development (Amendment) Act 2010, and the Environment (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2011.

CORE: ST2001 Statistics for Data Science 1

Lectures	Mon 16:00-17:00: Online (L1)
	Tue 11:00-12:00, AMB-1021 (L1)
	Tue 14:00-15:00, AC201 (L2)
	Thu 11:00-12:00, Online (L2)
Practical	Mon 17:00-18:00, AM PC Suite 201
	Tue 18:00-19:00, Finnegan PC Suite
	Thu 15:00-16:00, Finnegan PC Suite
Coordinator:	Dr. Emma Holian
E-mail	emma.holian@universityofgalway.ie

Note: ST2001: Students can access a tutor for online Q&A at any one (or more) of the four optional listed times as needed. Students will take two lectures and one practical weekly. Which lecture slot you are assigned will depend on your chosen PW, so check your email for directions.

Course Overview:

The course introduces probabilistic and statistical methods needed to make reasonable and useful conclusions from data. Topics include probabilistic reasoning, data generation mechanisms, modern techniques for data visualisation, inferential reasoning and prediction using real data and the principles of reproducible research. The course will rely heavily on R (a free open-source language) and will include examples of datasets collected in a variety of domains.

Learning Outcomes:

- Calculate conditional probabilities and probabilities for random variables from standard distributions (Binomial, Poisson, Normal).
- Summarise data numerically (centre and spread) and graphically (e.g., bar charts, line, area, boxplots, histograms, density plots, scatterplots) with an emphasis on best practice for communication.
- Summarise the importance of probabilistic based sampling schemes (e.g., simple random sampling, stratified sampling, cluster sampling).
- Summarise the difference between observational and experimental studies and the principles of experimental design.
- Perform probability calculations about the sample mean and use them to make inferential statements using the Central Limit Theorem.

- Calculate interval estimates for parameter estimation in one sample problems using classical and computational (i.e., bootstrap) approaches.
- Perform hypothesis testing (null and alternative hypotheses, type I and II errors and p-values) in a variety of scenarios.
- Fit and interpret a simple linear regression model.
- Compile a statistical report, i.e., prepare a typed document which introduces the statistical research question being explored, describes the data collection mechanism, provides subjective impressions on relevant numerical and graphical summaries, and outlines conclusions from all formal statistical analyses undertaken.

Pathway 1: EOS213 Introduction to Oceanography

Lectures	Mon 13:00-14:00, Martin Ryan Annex 201 Tue 11:00-12:00, Martin Ryan Annex 201 Wed 17:00 – 18:00, Martin Ryan Annex 201
Practical	Tue 13:00-15:00 Martin Ryan Annex Lab
	Tue 15:00-17:00 Martin Ryan Annex Lab
Coordinator:	Dr. Martin White
E-mail	martin.white@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This module will cover fundamental interactions between the oceans, atmosphere, and the seafloor. Students will study how physical, chemical, biological, and geological properties and processes shape the ocean we have today, and the key role of the oceans in Earth's climate.

Learning Outcomes:

- Explain the processes that exchange energy and water within the Earth system
- Describe the main sources, sinks and pathways of material in the oceans
- Explain how the temperature, salinity and density structure in the ocean arises and be able to distinguish different water masses on a T-S diagram
- Explain how waves and tides are generated in the oceans and how these generate currents
- Recognise the difference between Eulerian and Lagrangian co-ordinate systems and measurement techniques and be able to represent them graphically
- Describe the process of hydrothermal circulation of seawater through the seabed and resulting transformations in the chemistry of seawater
- Describe the biogeochemical cycling of O2, CO2 and nutrients in the oceans
- Discuss the formation and global distribution of biogenic marine sediments
- Carry out calculations of volume transport and fluxes of material in the oceans
- Grasp the breadth of instrumentation used in oceanography and understand how a subset of these work and how they are used in oceanographic research

Pathway 2: BPS202 Aquatic Plant Science

Lectures (Week 1 – 6)	Mon 10:00-11:00
	Tue 10.00-11.00
	Thu 09.00-10.00
Practical	Mondays 14:00-16:00 or Mondays 16:00-18:00
Coordinator:	Dr. Dagmar Stengel
E-mail	dagmar.stengel@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This module will introduce key aspects of the biology of aquatic photosynthetic organisms including seaweeds, microalgae, and aquatic plants. In particular it explores the aquatic environments including lakes and marine systems as habitats for aquatic plant and algal growth and provides fundamentals of algal diversity, functionality and ecology, and plant/algal environment interactions. **BPS202 comprises** three lectures and one 2-hour practical weekly. NOTE: Check Canvas for Venue!

Learning Outcomes:

- Describe and characterise environments (terrestrial, freshwater, marine) suitable for algal growth, with particular detail on growth requirements and controlling factors regarding seaweeds and phytoplankton
- Provide an overview of different algal reproductive strategies and life cycles
- Outline and appreciate the importance of different algal groups (including both microalgae and macroalgae) in ecology and their applications in biotechnology
- Appreciate the diversity of different algal groups, their distinguishing biological features including morphological growth forms
- Identify common representatives of native Irish algal groups
- Describe and appreciate the different interactions between algae and their abiotic (physical, chemical) and biotic (living) environments

Pathway 2: TI2107 Field Studies in Biogeography

Lectures	Tue 13:00-14:00, AC115
Coordinator:	Dr. Terry Morley
E-mail	Terry.morley@universityofgalway.ie

Course Description:

This module covers the biogeographical approach to field studies. The module will comprise of preparatory seminars that cover the concepts and techniques used to design and implement a field study. Students will gain an understanding of the methods used to collect primary data and put them to practice as part of a field excursion. The field component will evaluate habitat(s) complemented with data collection and using appropriate methods to ensure accuracy and consistency. The field excursion will be followed by group and individual work involving data analysis and interpretation and the production of a research report.

Aims and Objectives:

- 1) Develop theoretical and methodological underpinnings of biogeography via analysis of different methodologies and key papers in field studies.
- 2) Develop competency in Biogeographical Field Studies via a small field investigation, collection of data consistent with key methodologies.
- 3) Technical report writing via analysis and interpretation of field data presented in a report format.

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand biogeographical and conservation approaches in Ireland and internationally
- Evaluate the various techniques of collecting ecological data.
- Apply relevant technique(s) to examine biogeographical patterns relevant to Ireland.
- Present synthesised and critically evaluated information in graphical & written forms.

Semester 2

Please note 2^{nd} year students select either PW3 or PW4 in Semester 2.

Year 2 - Semester 2 PW3					
	Code	Title	ECTS	Sem.	
щ	T1248	Coastal Environments	5	2	
CORE	ST2002	Statistics for Data Science II	5	2	
)	EOS2102	From Core to Crust	10	2	
PW3	TI2112	Environmental Planning, Sustainability and Climate Action	5	2	
	LW3124	Environmental Law II	5	2	

Semester 2	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
09:00					EOS2102 <i>MRA 201</i>
10:00	TI2112 CSB-1006				TI248 AMB-1023
11:00		ST2002 L1* AMB-1023		ST2002 L2* AMB-1023	
12:00		EOS2102 MRA 201			
13:00	EOS2102 <i>MRA 201</i>	TI2112 Fottrell LT			
14:00		ST2002 L2* McMunn LT		EOS2102 P*	LW3124
15:00			TI248 <i>IT250</i>	EO22102 P	IT125
16:00	ST2002 L1* McMunn LT			FOS2102 P*	
17:00			EOS2102 TBC	EOS2102 P*	

Note: ST2002: Students attend 2 lectures a week and can access a tutor for online Q&A at anyone (or more) of the four optional listed times as needed

Year 2 - Semester 2 <u>PW4</u>				
	Code	Title	ECTS	
CORE	TI248	Coastal Environments	5	
	ST2002	Statistics for Data Science II	5	
3	EOS2102	The Earth: From Core to Crust	10	
PW4	TI2108	Introduction to Palaeoclimatology	5	
Α	TI2106	Field course in Paleoclimates	5	

Semester 2	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
09:00					EOS2102 MRA 201
10:00	TI2108 Tyndall LT				TI248 AMB-1023
11:00		ST2002 L1* AMB-1023		ST2002 L2* AMB-1023	
12:00		EOS2102 MRA 201			
13:00	EOS2102 MRA 201	TI2108 <i>AC214</i>	TI2106		
14:00		ST2002 L2* McMunn LT	AC217	FOC3403 D*	
15:00			TI248 IT250	EOS2102 P*	
16:00	ST2002 L1* McMunn LT			EOS2102 P*	
17:00			EOS2102 TBC	LO32102 P	

Note: ST2002: Students attend 2 lectures a week and can access a tutor for online Q&A at anyone (or more) of the four optional listed times as needed.

CORE: TI248 Coastal Environments

Lectures	Wednesday 15:00-15:50 (IT250 Theatre, 1st Floor) Friday 10:00 -10:50 (AMB-1023 Mairtin O Tnuthail Theatre
Coordinator:	Dr Eugene Farrell
E-mail	Eugene.farrell@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

Most of the character of our coastlines is the result of the interaction of tides and waves operating on a platform of changing sea levels. If we consider sea level constant there are three primary variables driving coastal evolution: tides, waves, and sediment availability. The interaction of these processes impact a wide range of coastal applications including sediment budgets, shoreline morphodynamics, long-term stability of beaches, coastal evolution, and assessing the impact of sea-level rise on coasts. This module focuses on these themes by conducting (1) a critical analysis of different coastal environments in Ireland, (2) analyses of the different methods used in scientific experiments of coastal systems, (3) a review of sediment exchange processes along the nearshore-beach-dune continuum; (4) assessment of how global and national climate change and adaptation policies are influencing coastal management decisions; and (5) the impact of natural (e.g., storms) and human (e.g., land use and summer tourism) pressures on coastal communities and ecosystems in Ireland.

Learning Outcomes:

Coastal processes and landforms. Identify the primary processes (e.g., tides, waves, wind) that
shape the diverse suite of landforms (e.g., beaches, dunes, saltmarshes, drumlins, and
estuaries) that characterize our coastlines. Students will be able to explain why different parts
of Ireland's coasts different geomorphic, geologic and ecological characteristics have;
students will be able to identify the first, second and third order controls on coastal evolution
for different coastal settings.

- Coastal Pressures. Explore, synthesise, and analyze the impact of urbanisation along the
 coastline and the loss of protected coastal habitats from two different pressures: ocean and
 land. Students will be able to identify potential impacts on our 'natural' coastal systems if
 population and development pressures increase the coming decades (as expected) and
 climate projections (increased sea level rise and storminess) come to pass.
- What do we measure? how do we measure? The themes of 'measuring' and 'empirical evidence' emerge throughout the module and focus on scientific experiments used to understand how coastal systems operate and respond to pressures. A series of case studies based in Ireland and international locations will show students how we apply basic physical principles to design field and laboratory equipment. Students will critically assess concepts of 'scale' and 'sampling'. Students will review different scientific monitoring approaches during a field class.
- Climate Change. Demonstrate the ability to think critically and independently on what will
 happen to our natural coastal systems (beaches, dunes, saltmarshes, drumlins, and estuaries)
 and human settlements (rural and urban communities) if the climate changes as projected by
 the ICPP reports for the NE Atlantic. Students will critically assess different ways that we can
 adapt to a future climate. Students will explore, synthesise, and analyse different enablers
 and barriers to climate adaptation.
- Management & Stakeholders. Discuss and critically appraise potential alternative interpretations of coastal management and climate adaptation decisions from different stakeholder perspectives re: government, planners, scientists, citizens, landowners, coastal communities.

CORE: EOS2102 The Earth: From Core to Crust

Lectures	Mon 13:00-14:00 MR Annexe lecture theatre (MRA201) Tue 12:00-13:00 MR Annexe lecture theatre (MRA201) Wed 17:00 – 18:00 TBC Fri 09:00-10:00 MR Annexe lecture theatre (MRA201)
Practical	Thu 14:00 – 16:00 Quadrangle A206 in EOS Thu 16:00 – 18:00 Quadrangle A206 in EOS
Coordinator:	Dr Shane Tyrrell
E-mail	shane.tyrrell@universityofgalway.ie

Note: There are four in person practical labs and four online assignments Tutors and demonstrators will help you both in the lab and will guide you through the online assignments. You will be assigned a specific tutor for the full 12 weeks – your tutor will be in touch in weeks 1 or 2 to organise a time for the online tutorial that will suit the group.

Course Overview:

This course will investigate the entire earth system, from core to crust, through geological time and from a range of scales. Students will learn about the origins of the Earth and the broad-scale tectonic forces that underpin the formation and destruction of continents. The module will investigate the composition of the crust from both mineralogical and resource-potential perspectives and examine the processes that modify and sculpt the surface of our planet. Students will study the evolution of life and the interaction between the biosphere and earth, including the impact of geology on human civilisation. This will be carried with a specific focus on current geohazards and the future challenges facing our planet.

Learning Outcomes

• Discuss the origins of the Earth and the solar system

- Identify a variety of earth materials, minerals and resources and appreciate their origin, occurrence, and geological significance
- Visualise the Earth and its geology in 3D and describe the techniques used to image the subsurface of the planet
- Explore large-scale earth structure and plate tectonics
- Describe the operation of earth surface processes and how the sedimentary record provides an archive of paleoenvironmental change through geological time
- Describe a range of current risks and geohazards and examine the impact of these on our planet
- Identify a range of fossil materials and have an appreciation for the evolution of the biosphere and its impact on earth

CORE: ST2002 Statistics for Data Science 2

Lectures	Mon 16:00-17:00: McMunn Theatre (L1) Tue 11:00-12:00, AMB-1023 (L1) Tue 14:00-15:00, McMunn Theatre (L2) Thu 11:00-12:00, AMB-1023 (L2)
Coordinator:	Dr. Emma Holian
E-mail	emma.holian@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This course will provide an introduction to commonly used techniques in statistics when analyzing data from experiments and observational studies. Topics include classical and modern methods in interval estimation, regression models for prediction problems, modern approaches for visualizing multivariate data, and the principles of reproducible research.

Learning Outcomes

- Conduct and interpret a two-sample and paired t-test using classical hypothesis testing and modern computational approaches.
- Conduct and interpret a chi-square test using classical and computational approaches. Use Simple Linear Regression (SLR) to make inferences about relationships between a response variable and an explanatory variable.
- Check the assumptions underlying a SLR model.
- Apply methods to visualize multivariate data (e.g., radar plots, case profile plots, heatmaps).
- Apply hierarchical clustering techniques (e.g., nearest neighbours) in multivariate data.
- Compile a statistical report, i.e., prepare a typed document which introduces the statistical research question being explored, describes the data collection mechanism, provides subjective impressions on relevant numerical and graphical summaries, and outlines conclusions from all formal statistical analyses undertaken.

Pathway 3: TI2112 Environmental Planning, Sustainability and Climate Action

Lectures	Mon 10:00-10:50 (<i>CSB-1006</i>) Tue 13:00 -13:50 (Fottrell Lecture Theatre)
Coordinator:	Dr Elaine Williams
E-mail	elaine.williams@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This course draws on environmental planning principles to explore pathways towards a sutainable future. It emphasises our collective role in climate action and active citizenship, underlining why these have never been more urgent. Students will examine pressing environmental issues impacting our societies, critically evaluate Irish and international climate policies, and consider alternative approaches through sustainability frameworks. Guest speakers working within their fields of environmental planning and community-led adaptation will provide first-hand insights, enabling students to connect principles learned in lectures with real life examples.

The module addresses sustainability challenges across different scales, emphasising the importance of bottom-up approaches to change. Through their course assessments, students will take part in practical exercises designed to build skills in community engagement and climate action, while reflecting on their own roles in shaping future societies. Case studies highlight the limitations and opportunities of climate policy, empowering students to think critically about how they can contribute to creating a more sustainable world.

Learning Outcomes:

- Explain how environmental planning principles can inform approaches to sustainability and climate action.
- Critically evaluate Irish and international policies addressing climate change and sustainability.
- Analyse sustainability issues across different scales, with particular attention to bottom-up approaches to change.
- Apply insights from regional and international case studies to identify the limitations and opportunities of climate policy.
- Demonstrate practical skills in community engagement and climate action through applied coursework.
- Communicate sustainability challenges and solutions effectively to public audiences.
- Reflect on their own role as active citizens in shaping future societies and contributing to sustainable change.

Pathway 3: LW3124 Legislation for Environmental Scientists

Lectures	Friday 14:00-16:00 Venue: AC203
Coordinator:	Dr Naporn Popattanachai
E-mail	naporn.popattanachai@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

This module exposes students to the considerable amount of environmental legislation that exists in Ireland. It encourages students to think about how the legislation is implemented and how it could be used in their future careers. This module will examine the legal aspects of a number of different sources of pollution including water pollution (inland and coastal), air pollution, waste, noise etc. The common law nuisance principles and the rule in Rylands v Fletcher will be examined, as well as recent case law in this area. Relevant domestic legislation (in particular the Water Pollution Act and the Air Pollution Act) as well as EU developments will be considered, particularly from the point of view of monitoring and penalties for breach. At the end of the module, students will have knowledge of the central principles of pollution control law and the structure of the system including the institutional arrangements, the role of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the development of Integrated Pollution Controls. In addition, special attention will be paid to specific topics such as wildlife protection, climate change, eco-system management, and access to information.

Learning Outcomes:

 Consider both national and European legislation in the context of its impact on environmental quality

- Deconstruct legislation with reference to the purpose of the legislation, the powers within the legislation, the offences and penalties contained in the legislation construct
- Consider, using real life scenarios, the legislation that could be used in such scenarios for the betterment of the environment

Pathway 4: TI2108 Introduction to Palaeoclimatology

Lectures	Mon 10:00-10:50 (Tyndall Theatre) Tue 13:00 -13:50 (MY129 Lecture Hall 2)
Coordinator:	Dr Karen Taylor
E-mail	karen.taylor@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

Climate change is not a modern phenomenon, as Earth's systems are dynamic and rarely stable over extended periods of time. Climate variability occurs across multiple spatial and temporal scales, but we generally lack long enough scientific or historical records to directly measure most long-term patterns of climate change. Paleoenvironmental Studies fills this void by offering evidence of environmental conditions across timescales, providing a broader context for studying modern environmental phenomena.

Learning Outcomes:

- Demonstrate an understanding of long-term environmental change as it relates to modern environmental systems
- Critique the array of methodologies which are used in reconstructing past environments
- Assess long-term human-environment interactions through time
- Apply theoretical concepts in a real-world context through hands-on field-based instruction

Pathway 4: TI2106 Field Studies in Paleoclimate

Lectures	Wed 13:00 – Teaching Lab AC 217
Coordinator:	Dr Gordon Bromley
E-mail	gordon.bromley@universityofgalway.ie

Course Overview:

'Field Studies in Paleoclimate' will provide students with hands-on experience in conceptualising, planning, and conducting field-based research in Quaternary climate and environmental change. The module focuses on key periods in Earth's recent history during which our atmosphere, oceans, landscapes, and ecosystems underwent pronounced shifts and asks students to investigate the causes and nature of those shifts, and their implications for our future. Assessment is continuous and comprises preparatory seminars and context-building group discussion, participation in field work and lab-based analysis of those data, and data synthesis.

Learning Outcomes:

- Conceptualise the principal components of Earth's climate system
- Evaluate sites for specific scientific analysis and create site-specific methodologies
- Perform foundational sedimentary and paleoecologic sampling procedures in the field
- Perform foundational analytical measurements and data collection in the lab
- Identify and outline critical limitations and key areas for future research in this discipline